**CERTIFIED**ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT

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## PROCEEDING

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We are here this morning in Docket DW 18-189, which is a petition by Pennichuck Water Works, Pennichuck East, and the Pittsfield Aqueduct Company, regarding tariff amendments. We suspended the tariff, scheduled a prehearing conference and technical session to follow. We have a pending motion to intervene, request to intervene.

Before we do anything else, let's take appearances from the Company and Staff.

MR. HEAD: Great. Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Richard Head, from Rath, Young &

Pignatelli, on behalf of the Petitioners. With

me at the table here are Larry Goodhue, CEO of

Pennichuck; Donald Ware, the COO of Pennichuck.

And at the table behind me, we have Carol Ann

Howe, Assistant Treasurer; and Jay Kerrigan,

Financial Analyst; and also William Ardinger,

also from Rath, Young & Pignatelli.

MR. TUOMALA: Good morning,

Commissioners. Christopher Tuomala,

representing the Staff of the Public Utilities

Commission. To my left, I have Jayson

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1
         Laflamme, Assistant Director of the Gas and
         Water Division here at the Public Utilities
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         Commission; and to his left is Anthony Leone, a
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         Utility Analyst in the Gas & Water Division as
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         well.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
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         have a Petition to Intervene from Mr.
         Pfundstein. Mr. Pfundstein, you want to enter
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9
         your appearance?
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                   MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Yes, Mr. Chairman.
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         For the record, my name is Donald Pfundstein.
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         I appear on behalf of Pillsbury Realty
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         Development, LLC. With me this morning is
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         Susan Parigian, who is with the client's
15
         outside accounting firm.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
                                                     Mr.
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         Head, we received your objection.
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                   Mr. Pfundstein, is there anything
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         you wanted to say in response to Mr. Head's
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         filing?
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                   MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Well, yes. I'd like
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         to address my petition, if I could.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure.
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                   MR. PFUNDSTEIN: As I think the
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Commission knows, Pillsbury has an interest in a docket dealing with a special contract with Pennichuck East, with respect to the construction of a water storage facility in Londonderry, in part, to serve its Woodmont Commons Project. Our contribution in capital is approximately \$1.441 million.

After the special contract was negotiated, and I believe pending before the Commission, the Company apparently discovered that the federal tax law changes now impose a tax on the receipt of the CIAC. And under the current formulas, the latest iterations that we've seen, it apparently grosses up for an additional \$500,000 for our client.

We say that \$500,000 indicates a substantial interest in the effect of this proceeding, and as such we should be granted intervenor status. We --

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Pretty good point, Mr. Pfundstein. Mr. Head.

MR. HEAD: Really, our focus on our objection, I don't repeat our objection, is the question of timing. We have a number, you

know, this affects a number of routine regular projects that are showing up with Pennichuck on a regular basis. So, until this gets resolved, it has a detrimental impact to the ratepayers.

So, the primary concern that we have in the intervention is the issue of delay.

We've asked for, if the Commission were to grant intervention, that it be restrictive in the way that we described in our objection.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Refresh my memory on what specifically you said about that.

MR. HEAD: Sure. Fair enough. So, there are three conditions we had asked to impose. One is that they be allowed to participate in technical sessions and the discussions; that they be allowed to participate with argument at the hearing; but that they not be allowed at this stage to file discovery requests or present witnesses.

Really, the issue is a legal issue.

It can be dealt with in discussions. It can be dealt with in argument. And we would ask that their role beyond that be limited.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: What's your hope with respect to when this proceeding will be finished?

MR. HEAD: Really, as soon as possible. I don't -- you know, obviously, the Commission's schedule is paramount. We have a pending issue with Fluorinated Chemicals arising out of the Merrimack situation. That contract is really in the process of being negotiated today. So, we cannot enter into that contract -- the Company cannot enter into that contract until this is resolved, but that work has to be done this spring and summer. But the Company can't enter into that contract until the CIAC issue is resolved.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Tuomala,

does Staff have a position on the intervention?

MR. TUOMALA: Staff has no objection

to the intervention.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're inclined to grant intervention. I don't know, we have discussed, but haven't resolved whether any limitations would be appropriate. It doesn't seem like on its face that they would be

1 necessary, given the nature of the issues in 2 play. 3 But, if they're needed, after you have your technical session, if you all can't 4 5 agree on a schedule, we can revisit the issue 6 whether limitations would be appropriate. 7 So, the intervention petition is granted. At this point, with no express 8 9 limitations, but that issue can be reraised, if 10 appropriate. I should have noted for the record 11 12 that Commissioner Bailey is under the weather. 13 That's why she's not here today. 14 Is there anything else in the way of 15 preliminary matters that we should talk about, 16 before we hear the positions of the parties? 17 MR. HEAD: I don't think so. 18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Mr. 19 Head, why don't you start us off. 20 MR. HEAD: Thank you. This is, as 21 Attorney Pfundstein mentioned, this is an issue that came up that arises out of the 2017 22 23 Federal Tax Act, in which an exemption for

{DW 18-189} [Prehearing conference] {02-06-19}

utilities was removed relative to taxation of

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CIAC. And that was not immediately recognized by the Company, that change within the Tax Act.

Once it was recognized, that prompted the filing with this Commission.

And really, the issue is, if the Company receives a CIAC now under the 2017 Act, that is now taxable, and the question is "who has to pay that tax?" We're asking that it be funded by the -- by the developers, who are profiting from the projects, and not be imposed upon the ratepayers generally. It's the same reason why we have the CIAC that's coming to the Company in the first place. Really, now, there's an additional charge that the Company is being charged as a result of the change in the Federal Tax Act.

In the prefiled testimony of Mr.

Goodhue, we did modify the formula that we are proposing slightly, based upon conversations we had with Attorney Pfundstein prior to today's hearing. And that relates to the one-half year depreciation that occurs in the first year prior to the payment of that tax on the CIAC.

And we wanted to, we thought in

fairness, that really what we're asking the

Commission to grant the Company is the amount

that the Company owes in tax, rather than have

the Company use credits that have been

essentially paid for by the ratepayers on other

projects. So, we don't want those credits to

be used for the benefit of a particular

development project, when really those credits

and those benefits should be granted to the

existing ratepayers.

So, the CIAC tax is a gross-up, because once they pay the tax, there's a tax on that amount. So, the formula takes that into account that was proposed in Mr. Goodhue's testimony, but subtracts one-half year of deductions, because really that first -- that tax payment is going to take into account that one-half year depreciation that occurs.

One of the questions that will come up during the course of this proceeding is "Well, why don't we" -- "why doesn't the developer get the benefit of depreciation over the life of that asset that's being given to the Company?" And really, the answer to that

is two-fold: One is that that is paying for
the -- what the Company has to incur in
operation and maintenance of that asset. It's
paying for the property taxes. And it's also
ultimately paying for the -- for the
replacement of that asset after its useful life
is over.

So that, again, what we're looking for is that the developer, who is putting in a project, is profiting from that project, should not have, as a result of a CIAC that's given to the Company, a resulting burden on the rest of the ratepayers.

So, the formula we've proposed is very simple. What is the tax grossed up that's charged to the Company as a result of the changes to the federal Tax Act, taking into account the one-half year depreciation that reduces that tax burden on that first year of the actual amount that is owed, but that the depreciation not be factored into what the Company -- what the developer receives.

Because, ultimately, if that were to take -- if that were taken into account, other ratepayers

would be forced to bear a burden as a result of that developer's providing that CIAC.

One thing I'll note though is that the one-half year depreciation only applies to CIAC that is plant equipment. It would not apply to property or cash CIACs. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Pfundstein, anything you want to add to what you've already told us?

MR. PFUNDSTEIN: Very quickly.

Our position is it's all in the details. Depending upon what methodology is used makes all the difference in the world.

Other jurisdictions have used different methodologies, ranging from the present value method, to some combination of use of NOL, some combination of use of investment tax credits.

The formula that, in fact, is in the latest filing from Pennichuck East actually comes out of Florida, which was originally adopted back in '86. And there are other mechanisms that provide a little bit more relief to the contributor of the capital, yet enable the Commission to get to the result of

just and reasonable rates and protect the ratepayer in that process.

So, as we indicated in our Petition to Intervene, we want to continue the discussion to explore these alternative methodologies with the Company, but now with the guidance of the Commission Staff, to see if we can come to a formula that we believe is more appropriate, yet meets the goals of the Company and satisfies the standard you have to apply.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Tuomala.

MR. TUOMALA: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman.

After Staff had reviewed the filing, we came to the same position as Mr. Pfundstein had just stated, in what are the other details and possibilities that could be used or applied, instead of the tax burden solely lying on that of the contributor.

We also wanted to look into the actual tax implications for the Petitioners' parent company, the Pennichuck Corporation, and what they face in relation to this proposed

tariff change.

We also wanted to consider what this tariff effect would have on contributions from agencies like DES or other public entities, which contribute CIAC in the form of grants or loan forgiveness for State Resolving Fund loans, and how this tariff would impact those CIAC contributions and whom would be responsible for that tax liability.

We anticipate issuing some discovery in this matter, but we look forward to speaking with the parties at the technical session and filing a proposed discovery schedule as soon as possible.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.

Thank you, Mr. Tuomala. Thank you, Mr. Head and Mr. Pfundstein.

I don't think there's anything else for us to do, except leave you to your technical session. If you are unable to reach an agreement on a schedule and you need further assistance, we'll do what we need to do.

Otherwise, we'll adjourn the prehearing conference --

1 MR. HEAD: If I can just add? CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure. 2 Mr. Head. 3 Sorry. 4 MR. HEAD: No. I apologize. 5 very quickly. One of the sort of overriding 6 factors in this that I think differentiate some 7 what's happening on a national basis is the 8 unique structure that Pennichuck has in the way in which the regulated utilities recover their 9 10 expenditures, their funds, and really it's 11 dollar-for-dollar. So, there's not some 12 alternative source. When that tax burden is 13 due, it has to be paid and there has to be 14 funds for it. And that's sort of the 15 overriding concern in this docket. Thank you. 16 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. 17 Understood. So, with that, we will adjourn the 18 technical session -- I'm sorry, adjourn the 19 prehearing conference and leave you to your technical session. 20 21 Thank you. MR. HEAD: 22 (Prehearing conference was 23 adjourned at 10:25 a.m., and a 24 technical session followed.)